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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/531,589	11/14/2005	Toshio Nozaki	05168.0065.00000	1467	
	7590 10/08/200 ENDERSON, FARAE	EXAMINER			
LLP 901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413			METZMAIER, DANIEL S		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1796		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			10/08/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		App	Application No. Applicant(s)						
		10/5	31,589	NOZAKI, TOSHI	NOZAKI, TOSHIO				
Office Action Summary			niner	Art Unit	T				
		Dani	el S. Metzmaier	1796					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).									
Status									
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>4/18/2005</i> .	& 7/18/2005						
2a)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>4/18/2005 & 7/18/2005</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.								
3)	Since this application is in condition	<i>'</i> —		atters, prosecution as to th	ne merits is				
٠,٠	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims								
4)🛛	Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the a	application.							
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
· · _ ·	6) Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected.								
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
•	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ction and/or elect	ion requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers								
9)🖂	The specification is objected to by th	e Examiner.							
,	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:		or b)□ objected t	o by the Examiner.					
7-7		•							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).									
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
2) Notic 3) Inform	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date <u>7/18/2005</u> .	PTO-948)	Paper N	w Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application 					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-10 are pending.

Priority

1. Receipt is acknowledged of papers received in this national stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)), submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Specification

2. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because the abstract is not in a single paragraph. The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited.

Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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4. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Nakayama et al, US 6,652,612. See comparative example 3 and column 4, line 32, to column 6, line 6; particularly column 5, lines 64 et seq; and claims.

5. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Nakayama et al, US 2003/0089045. See comparative example 3 and paragraph [0026]-[0040], particularly paragraph [0040]; and claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Rodel Nitta Corporation, EP 1 174 483 A1. Rodel Nitta Corporation (abstract, paragraph [0007] et seq, paragraph [0012] et seq, examples and claims) discloses cocoon-shaped silica polishing compositions.

Rodel Nitta Corporation makes the compositions different than the instantly claimed compositions without the hydrothermal treatment of said compositions. Since said materials are the same and the method of making the compositions are similar, the properties of the compositions recited in the claims would have been expected to have been the same or substantially the same. A compound or composition and all of its

properties are generally inseparable. *In re Papsech*, 315 F2d. 381, 137 USPQ 43, (CCPA 1963).

To the extent the Rodel Nitta Corporation <u>differs</u> from the claims in the solubility of the materials at a pH between 11 and 11.5 or the average degree of condensation, some variation in the properties of the materials would have been obvious for the advantages of employing the materials in the same utilities as polishing materials. To the extent the methods would impart a difference to the materials, said difference has not been shown to be a patentable difference.

8. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rodel Nitta Corporation, EP 1 174 483 A1, as applied to claims 1-5 above, and further in view of So et al, US 6,432,151.

Rodel Nitta Corporation (abstract, paragraph [0007] et seq, paragraph [0012] et seq, examples and claims) discloses cocoon-shaped silica polishing compositions.

Rodel Nitta Corporation <u>differs</u> from the claims in the explicit recitation of solubility of the materials at a pH between 11 and 11.5 and the average degree of condensation. Rodel Nitta Corporation <u>differs</u> from the method claims in the further hydrothermal treatment of the polishing materials.

So et al (abstract, column 4 et seq, and examples) discloses silica slurries and methods of making said slurries for wafer polishing. So et al discloses (column 8, lines 60 et seq) the hydrothermal treatment of silica polishing agents 1 to 2 hours in an autoclave to make said silica physically solid and advantageously improve their physical strength and polishing efficacy.

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These references are combinable because they teach silica polishing agents and methods of making said polishing agents from alkoxysilanes. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skilled in the art at the time of applicants' invention to hydrothermally treat the silica polishing materials for the advantage of making them physically solid and improving their polishing efficacy. The particular temperature and pressures would have been within the level of one having ordinary skill in the art as a result effective variable.

Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Monroe, US 5,728,184, is cited of interest to the instant claims. Monroe discloses hydrothermal treatment of abrasive particle dispersions (at least column 9, lines 37-49) at temperatures of 150 to 200° C and elevated pressures.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Daniel S. Metzmaier whose telephone number is (571) 272-1089. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 AM to 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David W. Wu can be reached on (571) 272-1114. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Daniel S. Metzmaier/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1796

DSM